It is near thee, gantle mother, Its soft kine is in the renhve And, when night's dark shadow fleeting Low thou hendest thee in prayer, And thy heart feels nearest heaven, Then thy angel babe is there!

On whose manly form thine eye Loved full off' in pride to linger. On whose heart thou could'at rely, Though all other hearts deceived thee, All proved hollow, earth grew drear, Whose protection, ever o'er thee, Hid the from the cold world's sneed

Has he left thee here to struggle, All unaided on thy way ? Nay, he still can guide and guard thee Still thy faltering steps can stay; Still, when dangers hover o'er thee, He than danger is more near :

Lover, is the light extinguished Of the gem, that, in thy heart Hidden deeply, to thy being All its sunshine could impart? Look above! 'tis burning brighter Than the very stars of heaven;
And to light thy dangerous pathway,
All its new found glory's given.

With the sons of earth commingting Thou the loved one may'et forget;
Bright eyes flashing, treases waving,
May have power to win thee yet;
But e'en then that guardian spirit Off will whisper in thine exr. Thou will know she hovers near

Orphan, though most sorely stricken Of the mourners thronging earth, Clouds half veil thy brighter sunshine Sadness mingles with thy mirth. Yet, although that gentle bosom, Which has pillowed oft' thy head, Now is cold, thy mother's spirit

Still her watchful eye is o'er thee Through the day, and still at night Her's the eye that guards thy slur Making thy young dream so bright.

Oh! the friends, the friends we've cherished How we weep to see them die! That will guide us to the sky!

## Laws of Ohio. PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

## THE BANK LAW.

AN ACT ate the Bank of Ohio and other Banks.

To incorporate the Bank of Ohio and other Banks.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That it shall be lawful for natural individural persons, not fewer in number in any case than five, to associate and form companies for the purpose of carrying on the business of banking, each at such place in this State as shall be designated in its articles of association, and in the certificate hereafter required to be made, subject, however, to the contingencies, restrictions, conditions and liabilities prescribed in this act.

Sec. 2. To carry into effect the provisions of this act, Wm. W. Scarborough of Cincianal, Franafin T. Barkus of Cleveland, Chauncey N. Olds of Circleville, J. R. Finn of Columbus, and Saunel Forrer of Dayton, shall be, and they are hereby appointed commissioners, and they, or a majority of them, after taking an eath dilligently, faithfully and impartially to perform the duties assigned them by this act, a certificate of which oath shall be filed and carefully preserved in the office of the Secretary of State, shall constitute a board, to be designated the board of bank commissioners; which board shall continue until the organization of the Bank of Ohio, as bereinafter provided for, and thereafter the duties which they are required to perform by this act, in the organization of independent banks which they are required to the perform by this act, in the organization of independent banks which they are required by the auditor, treasurer, and secretary of State, who shall be commissioners to perform such duties, and if any of said commissioners to perform such duties, and if any of said commissioners is performed.

wolve on and be performed by the auditor, treasurer, and secretary of State, who shall be commissioners to perform such duties, and if any of said commissioners shall refuse to serve, shall die or rezign, his place shall be filled by the genoral assembly, by joint resolution, if in session, and if not, by the governor.

Sec. 3. Said commissioners shall meet in the city of Columbus, at such time, within thirty days after the second Tacesday of October next, as shall be appointed by the governor, who shall notify each member of his appoint when met, and of the time and place of meeting; they shall when met, appoint one of their number to be their president, who shall, under the order of the board, sign all of ficial documents; and they shall cause a fair and true record of all their official proceedings to be kept in a book to be provided for that purpose.

Sec. 4. Fersons associating to form a bank shall, under their hands and seals, make a certificate, which shall specify.

First-The name assumed by such bank, and by which rist—the known in its dealings, in which name shall be included the name of the city, village or town in which its banking operations shall be carried on: Second—The amount of the capital stock of such bank, and the number of shares into which the same is di-

I—The name and place of residence and the num-hares held by each member of the company; th—The time when such company shall have been

Third—The name and place of residence and the number of shares held by each member of the company; Fourth—The time when such company shall have been formed;

Fifth—That such company has elected to carry on its operations as an independent hank, or, as a "branch of the Bank of Ohio," as the case may be, which certificate shall be acknowledged before a justice of the peace or notary public, and shall be recorded by the recorder of the county where such tank is to be established, in a book to be kept by him for that purpose, which shall at all times during office hours be kept open for the inspection of any person wishing to examine the same; one copy of which certificate, duly certified, shall be transmitted to the secretary of State, who shall record and carefully preserve the same; in his office, and another to the board of bank commissioners.

Sec. 5. No company shall be permitted to commence or carry on the business of banking under this act, as a branch of the bank of 6thic, unless its capital stock shall be at least one hundred thousand dollars, nor shall the capital stock of any such branch of the bank of this act. No independent bank shall be organized under this act, with a less capital than fifty thousand dollars; nor shall the capital stock of any such bank ever be increased to any such except as specially provided for in this act. To independent bank shall be organized under this act with a less capital stock of any such bank ever be increased to any sum exceeding two hundred thousand dollars; except as specially provided for in this act. At least fifty per cent of the capital stock of such such such sall be paid in gold and silver coin, or their equivalent; one half of which fifty per cent at least shall be in gold and silver coin, or their equivalent; one hal

million of dollars. Nor shall any independent bank be organized under this act to said county, with a less capital than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, which may be increased to any sum not exceeding five bundred thousand dollars; provided, that in no case where the capital stock of of an independent tank is named in this act, shall the certificates of positic dobt required to be deposited by such banks with the treasurer of State, he treated or regarded as any part of such capital stock.

Sec. 10. No bank shall be established under this act as a branch of the bank of Obio, in the counties of Cuyahoga, Montgomery, Franklin or Lucza, with a capital less than three hundred thousands dollars, which may be increased to any sum not exceeding six hundred thousand dollars, nor shall any independent bank be established in any of said counties, with a capital of less than one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, which may be increased to any sum not exceeding three hundred thousand dollars.

Sec. 11. The capital stock of each bank shall be divided into shares of one hundred dollars each, and shall be assignable on the books of the company, in such manner as its by laws shall prescribe, but no shareholder shall have power to sell or transfer my chare held in his own right so long as he shall be liable, either as principal debter, surety, or otherwise, to the company for any debt which shall be unpolit nor in such case shall such shareholder be entitled to receive any dividend, interest or profit on such shares, so long as such liabilities shall continue, but all sheh dividends, interests or profit on such shareholder be hank and applied to the discharge of such liabilities, and no stocks shall be transferred without the consent of a majority of the directors, while the holder thereof is indebted to the conspany.

Sec. 12. No bank shall take as security for any loan or Sec. 12. No bank shall take as security for any loan or discount, a lien or any part of the expital stock, but the same security, both in kind and amount, shall be required of shareholders as of persons not shareholders; and no bank shall be the holder or perchaser of any portion of its capital stock, or of the capital stock of any other incorporated company, unless such purchase shall be necessary to prevent loss upon a debt previously contracted in good faith, on security which at the time was deemed adequate to insure the payment of such dot, independent of any lien upon such stock, or in the case of forfeitures of stock for non-payment of installments due thereon, as provided in the sixth section; and stock so purchasing for a longer period of time than its moths, if the same can be sold for what the stock cost, or at par.

Sec. 13. In all elections of directors, and in deciding all questions at meetings of the stock-

same can be sold for what the stock cost, or at par.

Sec. 13. In all elections of directors, and in deciding all questions at meetings of the stock-holders, each shall entitle the owner to one vote, stockholders may vote by proxies duly anthorized in writing, but no officer, elerk, teller or book-keeper of the bank shall act as proxy, and no stockholder whose liability to the bank is past due and unpaid shall be allowed to vote.

Sec. 14. The affairs of every bank organized to carry on the business of banking under the provisions of this act, shall be managed by not less than five nor more than nine directors. Every director shall; during his whole term of service, be a citizen of the United States and a resident of this State. At least of three-fourths of the directors shall have resided in this State one year next previous to their election as directors; each director shall own in his own name and right at least one per cent of the capital stock of the bank up to two hundred thousand dollars, and the half of one per cent on his capital over two hundred thousand dollars. The directors of each bank, collectively, shall own at least one tenth of its expital stock. Each director shall take an oath, that he will as far as the duty of the directors; and in dividend day, the cashier shall be resident of the condition of the bank as it shall be on that day, after declaring the dividend, which shall be refrired by the cath of the cashier, president and a majority of the directors; and similar statements shall also be made on the first Monday in each month, in each year, which extends the profits can be a made on the first that the will as far as the duty of the directors; and similar statements shall also be made on the first that the profits of the directors shall can be made on the first that an oath, that he will as far as the duty of the directors; and similar statements shall also be made on the first that an oath, that he will as far as the made of the cashier, president and a majority of the cashier, president tenth of its capital stock. Each director shall take an oath, that he will so far as the duty devolves on him, dilligently and honestly adminis-ter the affairs of the bank, and not knowingly violate or willingly permit to be violated any of the provisions of this act; that he is the bona fide owner, to his own right, of the stock standing in his name on the books of the bank, and that the

as name on the books of the bank, and that the same is not hypothecated, or in any way pledg-ed assecurity for any loan obtained or debt ow-ting, which oath, subscribed by himself and cer-tified by the officers before whom it is taken, shall be filed and carefully preserved in the of-fice of the Recorder of the county in which the bank is located; but no person shall be president of more then one have covernized wider this set of more than one bank organized under this act,

at the same time.

Sec. 15. The directors of any bank first elected shall hold their placed until the first Monday in January next thereafter, and until their successors be elected and qualified; all subsequent lections shall be held annually on the first slonday of January, and the directors so elected Monday of January, and the directors so clearly shall hold their places for one year, and until their successors are elected and qualified; but their successors are elected and qualified; but any directors removing from the State, or ceas-ing to be the owner of the requisite amount of ing to be the owner of the requisite amount of stock, shall hereby vacate his place. Any va-cancy in the board shall be filled by appoint-ment by the remaining directors; the directors so appointed, shall hold his place until the next annual election; and if from any cause an elec-tion of directors shall not be made at the time appointed, the bank shall not for that cause be dissolved, but an election may be held on any subsequent day, thirty days notice thereof hav-ing been given in a newspaper printed in the

process against such bank may be served upon its president or eashier, or by leaving a copy thereof at its usual place of business during the usual business hours. Each of said banks shall, under the first day of May, in the year one thou-sand eight nundred and seventy-seven, if so long it shall comply with the provisions of this act, have power to loan money, buy, sell and dis-count bills of exchange, notes, and all other writ-ten evidences of debt, except such as it shall be propibited by this act from buying, selling or discounting; receive deposits; buy and sell gold and silver coin and bullion; collect and pay over and silver coin and outlion; concer and pay over money, and transact all other business properly appertaining to banking, subject, however, to the provisions and restrictions contained in this act; may acquire, hold and convey such real estate as may be necessary to the convenient trans-astion of its business, and no more, but may, howover, acquire title to any real estate pledged to secure any debt previously contracted or purchased on an execution or order of sale, to satisfy any judgment or decree in its favor, or which shall have been conveyed to it in payment of any previous debt, but shall not hold any real any previous debt, out shall not nord any real estate so acquired longer than is necessary to avoid a loss of any part of the debt, interests and costs, for the collection or security of which it was acquired, but at any time before selling the same, upon being tendered by the last preceding owner, or his legal representatives, such leave as shall be precessery to save such leaves. sum as shall be necessary to save such banks from loss of any part of the debt, interests, taxes,

costs, and other necessary charges for the col-lection or security of which such real estate was acquired, such bank shall release to such owner, his legal representatives or assigns, all its rights, titles, and interest therein. Sec. 17. Notes of one dollar, two dollars, three dollars, five dollars, ten dollars, twenty dollars, fifty dollars, and one bundred dollars each, and no note of any other denomination may be issued by any bank or organized under this act; of the notes issued by any such bank, not more than ten per cent of the amount shall be in cent in notes of two dollers each; not more than

er than such notes of circulation as are by this

Sec. 21. No bank organized under this act hall at any time be indebted or in any way shall at any time be indebted or in any way liable to an amount exceeding, if a branch of the bank of Ohio, two-thirds, or if any independ-ent bank, the whole amount of its capital stock at such time actually paid in, and remaining as capital stock undiminished by losses or other-wise, except on the following accounts—that is

ident and a majority of the directors; and simi-lar statements shall also be made on the first Monday in each month, in each year, which statements shall contain, First—The amount of capital stock actually

Sixth-The total amount of debts and liabiliies of every description, and the greatest amount since the making of the last previous statement, secifying the time when the same occurred; Seventh—The total amount of dividends delared on the statement;

Eighth-The amount of gold and silver coin and bullion belonging to such bank, and in pos-session, at the time of taking the statement,

designating the amount of each;

Ninth—The amount subject to be drawn at sigh, in gold and silver, then remaining on deposit with solvent specie paying banks or bankers, in the cities of New York, Philadelphia, Soston and Baltimore; Tenth—The amount then on hand, of bills or

and the amount in suit or judgment; Thirteenth—The value of the real and person

al property, held for the convenience of the bank, specifying the amount of each; Fourteenth—The amount of real estate taken payment of debts due the bank : Fifteenth-The amount of the undivided prof-

its of the bank. Sixteenth-The total amount of the liabilities o the bank by the directors thereof, collectively specifying the gross amount of such liabilities as principal debtors, and the gross amount as en-

orsers or sureties; Seventeenth—The total amount of liabilities the bank of the stockholders thereof collectively, specifying the gross amount of such lia-bilities as principal debtors and the gross amount as indersers or surelies; which statement should be forthwith transmitted to the Auditor of State. An abstract of every such statemen: showing the condition of the bank, in some newspaper printed in the county where such bank is situa-

Sec. 25. The general assembly shall never impose any greater tax upon property employ-ed in banking under this act, this is or may be

imposed upon the property of individuals.
Sec. 26. Every bank organized under this act may take, reserve, receive and charge on any loan or discount made, or upon any note, or bill of exchange, or other evidence of debt, at the rate of six per centum per annum on the amount of any such note, bill of exchange, or other evi-dence of debt so discounted, and no more; provided, however, that interests may be reserved or taken in advance at the times of making the loan or discount, according to the usual rules of banking, or as calculated in Rowlett's tables; and knowingly taking, reserving or charging on any debt or demand discounted or purchased by such bank, at a rate of interest greater than that allowed by this section, shall be held and adjudged a forfeiture of such debt or demand, but the purchase or discount of a bona fide bill fo more than ten per cent of the amount shall be in notes of one dollar cach; not more then five per the place of such purchase or discount, and the cent in notes of two dellers each; not more than ten per cent in notes of three dellars each; not more than twenty per cent shall be in notes of all denominations under five dellars; not more than fifty per cent in notes of all denominations under the dellars; not more than fifty per cent in notes of all denominations on the place where it is made payable, is at the under ten dollars.

Sec. 18. No bank organized under this act, shall, at any time, issue or have in circulation any note, draft, bill of exchange, acceptance, certificate of deposit, or other evidence of debt which, from its character or appearance, shall be calculated or intended to circulate as money, other than such notes of circulation as are by this of inter est aforesaid, the rates of exchange be-tween such places, be deemed usurious; provider than such notes of circulation as are by this act described, and which such bank is expressly authorised to issue for the purposs of being circulated as money.

Sec. 19. Each independent bank shall receive at par, at the office or banking house of ceive at par, at the office or banking house of this state, and no more than one per cent upon any such paper payable out of this state, and in no case shall more than the curvature of debts due at such bank.

their stock.
Sec. 30. No bank organized under this act, Sec. 30. No bank organized under this act, shall issue any certificate of deposit, order, draft, bill of exchange, or other evidence of debt, payable in currency or in anything less thereof, in such form as such bank shall pre-

capital stock undiminished by losses or otherwise, except on the following accounts—that is to say,

First—On account of its notes of circulation; Second—On account of money deposited with or collected by such bank;

Third—On account of bills of exchange or data draws against money actually on deposit to the credit of, or due to such dank;

Fourth—Linbilities to its stockholders on account of money paid in, on capital stock and dividends thereon.

Sec. 22. No bank shall, either directly or indirectly, pledge, hypothecate or exchange any of its notes of circulation for the purpose of procuring money, to be paid in on its enpital stock or to be used in its ordinary banking operations, or for the purpose of purchasing certificates of state stock to be deposited with the Treasurer of State, or with the bank of Ohio; nor shall any bank apply or permit to be applied, hypothecate or pledged any portion of its capital stock to the purchase of certificates of State, or with the brank of Ohio; nor shall any bank apply or permit to be applied, hypothecate or pledged any portion of its capital stock to the purchase of certificates of State, as collateral security for the redemption of its notes of circulation.

Sec. 23. No bank shall, during the time it reasons of the currency or in anything less valuable in currency or so shall any such bank keep any account in currency or anything best valuable than gold and silver coin, except accounts for special deposits, nor shall any such bank keep any account in currency or anything best valuable than gold and silver coin, except accounts for special deposits, nor shall any such bank keep any account in currency or anything best valuable than gold and silver coin, except accounts for special deposits, nor shall any such bank keep any account in currency or anything best valuable than gold and silver coin, except accounts for special deposits, nor shall any such bank keep any account in currency or anything best valuable than gold and silver coin, except accounts for special deposit

al security for the redemption of its notes of circulation.

Sec. 23. No bank shall, during the time it shall continue its operations as a bank, withdrawn or permit to be withdrawn, either in form of dividends, leans to stockholders, for a longer period of time than four months, or in any other manner, any portion of its capital stock; and it losses shall at any time have been sustained by any bank, equal to or exceeding its undivided profits then on hand, no dividend shall ever be made by any bank, while it shall continue its banking operations to an amount greater than its net profits then on hand, dedecting therefrom its losses and bank, on which interest is past due and unpaid for a period of six months, unless the same shall be well secured, and shall be in the process of collection, shall be considered bad or corrected to any bank of the notes of any bank shall, dever dependent of the same shall be well secured, and shall be in the process of collection, shall be considered bad or considered bad or corrected to its curvature of the successor shall be appointment, and until the first Monday of February, next after his appointment, and until his successor shall be appointment vacated was mact of insoftency, or in contemplation therefore its technique of its stockholders or creditors; all payments of its successor shall be appointment vacated was mact of insoftency, or in contemplation therefore its stockholders or creditors; all payments of its successor shall be appointment vacated was mact of insoftency, or in contemplation therefore its stockholders or creditors; all payments of its successor shall be appointment vacated was mact of insoftency or in contemplation of its action therefore its action therefore its successor shall be appointed and continue its far form or in contemplation of its action of its action therefore its successor shall be appointed and until his forfeited; such violation shall, however, be de-termined and adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction, agreeably to the laws of this State and the practice of such court, before the cor-poration shall be declared dissolved; and in case

poration shall be declared dissolved; and in case of such violation, every director who participa-ted in, or assented to the same, shall be held liable in his personal and individual capacity for all damages which the company, its share-holders, or any other persons body corporate or incorporate, shall have sustained in consequence of such violation. Sec. 34. Every president, dirictor, eashier teller, clerk or agent of any bank, who shall embezzle, extract, or wilfully misapply any of the moneys, funds or credits of such bank, or shall, without authority from the directors, issue or put in circulation any of the notes of such Second—The amount of the bills or notes of the bank then in circulation, specifying the amount of each denomination;

Third—The greatest amount in circulation at at any time since the making of the last previous statements, as shall have been exhibited by the weekly statements of the cashiers, specifying the time when the same occurred;

sue or put in circulation any of the notes of such bank, or shall without such authority, issue or put forth any certificate of deposit, draw any order or bill of exchange, make any acceptance, sign any note, bond, draft, bill of exchange, make any acceptance, sign any note, bond, draft, bill of exchange, make any acceptance, sign any note bond, draft, bill of exchange, make any acceptance, sign any note bond, draft, bill of exchange, make any acceptance, sign any note bond, draft, bill of exchange, make any acceptance, sign any note bond, draft, bill of exchange, make any acceptance, sign any note bond, draft, bill of exchange, make any acceptance, sign any note bond, draft, bill of exchange, make any acceptance, sign any note bond, draft, bill of exchange, make any acceptance, sign any note bond, draft, bill of exchange, make any acceptance, sign any note bond, draft, bill of exchange, make any acceptance, sign any note bond, draft, bill of exchange, make any acceptance, sign any note bond, draft, bill of exchange, make any acceptance, sign any note bond, draft, bill of exchange, make any acceptance, sign any note bond, draft, bill of exchange, make any acceptance, sign any note bond, draft, bill of exchange, make any acceptance, sign any note bond, draft, bill of exchange, make any acceptance, sign any note bond, draft, bill of exchange, any in the draft and the bank, or shall without such authority, issue or put forth any certificate of deposit, draw any acceptance, sign any note bond, draft, bill of exchange, and the bank, or shall make any interest an ous statements, as shall have been exhibited by the weekly statements of the cashiers, specifying the time when the same occurred; Fourth—The amount of balances and debts of every kind due to the branches of the bank of Ohio, the amount due to other banks of the State, and the amount due to benks not of this State.

Diffh—The amount due to depositors;

under this act, shall each be individually liable to the creditors of a bank of which they are to the creditors of a bank of which they are stockholders, in a sum equal in amount to the stock owned by each, and should any such bank become insolvent, and its assets be found insufficient to pay its debts and liabilities, its stockholders may be compelled to pay such de-ficiency, in proportion to the amount of stock owned by each, and should the whole amount owned by case, and should the whole amount for which stockholders are individually respon-sible, as provided in this section, be found in any case to be inadequate to the payment of all the residuosof the debts of any bank after the application of its assets to the payment of such debts, then, and in that case, the moneys due from stockholders on account of their individual liabilities as such, shall be distributed equally

this act, shall have power to make all necessary and proper by-laws for the management and control of its business and to fix and regulate the rate of charges for making collections. The bank of Ohio may revise the bye-laws and also revise the regulations of the branches concern-ing charges for making collections, and cause both to be made uniform among the branches, or as nearly as may be deemed expedier t. Sec. 38. The corporations organized under this act shall continue to exists o long as necessary for the settlement of their affairs notwithstand ing the repeal of this act; and no law shall ev-

ing the repeat of this act; and no law small ever be passed diverting or appropriating the assets of any such corporation to any purpose other than the payment of its debts and liabilities, and the distribution of the residue amoung its stockholders in proportion to the stock by them severally owned.

IN RELATION TO THE BANK OF ORIO.

that any number of said banks, not less than five, have made their elections to transect their banking operations as branches of the bank of Ohio, and have complied with the requirements of this act preliminary to the commencement of banking operations, then said commissioners shall immediately notify each of said banks thereof, and within ten days after receiving such notice, they shall each appoint in such manner as the director of the bank of Ohio. But no person who is not a citizen of the United States, and a resident of this State, and who States, and a resident of this State, and who has not resided in this State at least one year

of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, and thereafter until the affairs of the several branches of the bank of Ohio shall pe finally closed up, be a body corporate, with succession, and by the name of bank of Ohio, capable of contracting and prosecuting, jet to waste; which bond shall be payable on and defending suits or actions as fully as natural persons, and of doing all other acts and things such rate of interest as shall be agreed on by necessary to effect the object contemplated in the parties, not exceeding seven per cent, per this act by the formation of said corporation.—

They shall meet in the city of Columbus at shall be entitled to receive the interests accruing such time as shall be designated by the board of bank commissioners, who shall give ten days previous notice to each branch of the time of such meeting; they shall each take an oath diligently, faithfully and impartially to perform the duties imposed on them by this net; a certificate of which oath shall be filed and preserved in the office of the Secretary of State. They shall organize, provided two-thirds of the whole number shall be convened, by electing some suitable person as president, whose duty it shall be to preside at meetings of the board, and sign its official documents. They shall elect a vice president, whose duties shall be prescribed by the bye-laws of the corporation. They shall In an instance can be found the will pay for such sizes it be made and the most the bank and such stack and such as such stack and such stack and such as such such as such stack and such as such such as such

Second-To pay other liabilities of the said duce its circulation or other liabilities, within

bank; and after such liabilities shall have been discharged;
Third—To divide among the shareholders on their stock.

The bank of Ohio. They on the bank of Ohio. They scribe, and as they shall deem proper, which statements shall be recorded in a book or books to be kept for that purpose. They may appoint an executive committee of not less than three, of whom the president, or vice president such cases, and perform all such duties as shall be prescribed by the by-laws of said bank not inconsistent with this net.

inconsistent with this act.

Sec. 41. The president, vice president and secretary of the bank shall each receive such compensation for their services as said bank shall allow, which shall be assessed upon the several branches of the bank of Ohio, in the ratio of their capital stock. The bank may also allow the executive committee such compensa-tion as it shall deem just and reasonable, to be paid by the several branches in the same manpan by the several branches in the same man-ner; and the expenses of procuring plates and printing notes of circulation, shall be paid by the several branches in the ratio of the notes of circulation, received by each.

Sec. 42. Each director of the bank shall continue in office until the first Monday of Feb-

vice president shall hold their offices for one year, and until their successors shall be appointed, but they may be removed by a resolution of the board. They shall take and an oath faithfully, diligently and impartially to fulfill the duties of their appointment and not knowingly violate any of the provisions of this act. They may be required to give bond in such sum, and with sush security as the bank shall prescribe; and all vacancies in said appointments shall be filled by the bank. appointments shall be filled by the bank.

Sec. 43. All notes issued by any branch, intended to circulate as money, shall be payable at the branch by which they are issued, in gold and silver coin, the lawful currency of the United States, or either, at the option of the branch, on demand; they shall be signed by the president or vice president of the bank of Ohio, countersigned by the eashier of the branch by which they are issued, made payable to bearer and shall be negotiable by deliverer; all other evidences of debt, issued by any branch, shall be negotiable or transferable in the same manner as if issued by a natural person, and shall be binding on the branch, whether under seal or not, and all such evidences of debt, other than notes of circulation, shall be payable to the order of some person therein named.

Sec. 44. No branch of the bank of Ohio shall at any time, have in circulation notes in the similitude of bank notes, to an amount bearing a greater proportion to the capital stock of said branch actually paid in, and at the time remaining undiminished by losses or withdrawal, than the proportion hereinafter specified,

that is to say,
On the first hundred thousand dollars, or any lesser amount of its capital, not more than twice the amount of such capital. On the second hundred thousand dollars or part thereof, not more than once and three-quarters the amount of such capital, over one

undred thousand.

On the third hundred thousand dollars, o part thereof, not more than once a half the amount of such capital, over two hundred thou-

On the fourth hundred thousand dellars or part thereof, not more than once and a quarter the amount of such capital, over three hundred

thousand; and
On any amount of capital over four hundred
thousand dollars, not more than an amount
equal to such capital, over four huddred thou-

subsequent day, thirty days notice thereof having been given in a newspaper printed in the county where the bank is located.

See. 16. Every bank authorized to carry on the bank of Ohio, or as an independent bank, shall be held and adjudged to be a body corporate, with succession until the first day of May in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, and thereafter until its affairs shall be closed; and by its corporate name shall be competent to contract, processed against such bank may be served upon a process against such bank may be served upon and process against such bank may be served upon an analysing the bank of Ohio, to a bank of Ohio to sach equal amount of new notes received therefor; all such notes so returned by a branch shall be credited, and all new ones delivered in their stead shall be charged to such branch on the ooks of the bank; and the notes so returned shall be burned to ashes in the presence of the president, and at least two of the directors of

said bank. Sec. 46. Before the bank shall deliver any branch, notes for circulation, it shall require such branch to pay over or deposit to the credit of said bank, as said board shall order either in money or in certificates of the stocks of this State, or of the United States, at their current value in the city of New York, but in no instance above their par value, an amount equal to ten per cent, on the amount of notes for circulation which shall be delivered to such branch. And so, from time to time, as any branch may, by the paying in of an additional amount on its capital stock, or by not having Sec. 39. Whenever, from the inspection of the certificates transmitted by banks to the board of bank commissioners, it shall appear that any number of said banks, not less than to demand an additional amount of notes for circulation, such branch shall deposit it with

has not resided in this State at least one year
has not resided in this State at least one year
next previous to his appointment, shall be such
the bank on account of the safety fund, by any branch shall be, under the direction of said Sec. 40. The directors of the bank of Ohio who shall have been appointed agreeably to the provisions of the preceding section, shall, from the time of its organization until the first day

session, and giving no books except those printed by Congress. In this form it passed the House by 101 to 97. It was at once sent to the Senate, and there passed

one Fillmore. That we understand to be about the proportion of the voters for the respective candidates in the free states.

Aug. 21, 1856.

Advertisements.

UPHAM'S LIFE OF John C. Fremont

IN one handsome volume, Illustrated—For 75 cents, at the BOOK STORE.

Valuable Books.

BARNES' Notes on the Gospel. Clarke's Commentaries. Buck's Theological Dictionary. Josephus' Complete Works. Lorenzo Dow's Complete Works. Goldsmith's Animated Nature. Camp Fires of the Revolution. Library of Natural History. D'Aubigne's History of the Reformation Cummins' Lectures on the Apocalypse.
The Planter's Victim.
Travels in Europe and the East, by Prime.
Macauley's History of England—I volumes.
Christian Life, Social and Individual, by Payne Twelve Years a Slave, by Solomon Northrop The Testimony of an Escaped Novice. Mothers of the Bible.

Religious Courtship, The Christian Family Library. The Apocryphal New Tertament.

Nevin's Bidlical Antiquities.

The Elements of Moral Science, by Wayland
The Refuge; or, Narrative of Fugitive Slaves. Bascom's Sermons.
Pilgrim's Progress, with Notes. Bunyan's Holy War.

For sale at the BOOK STORE. Millersburg, Sept. 4, 1856.

School Books. LL the various kinds of School Books used A in this section of the State, can always be found at the Book Store, Millersdurg, Ohio.— Among them may de found: Geographies: Copy Books:
hell's Primary A great variety

do Intermediate do Grammars: Geography and Pineo's Primary do Analytical Smith's Primary Greene's Analysis Bullion's do Geography and Kirkham's Bullion's I Atlas Bullion's Latin Spenkers;
Northend's Little ern School

Morse's Geography and Atlas do American do School Din-Algebras: logues Exhibition Speaker an Lawrence's Gymnastie Book Humorous Speaker Bronson's Elecution Frost's Speaker Lovell's Young Spen Surveying: Davie's

Book Keeping: Fulton & Eastman's Crittenden's

Horse Farriers. OUATT'S, Mason's, Dr. Dadd's, Skinner's, and other Farrier Books, just received : fillersburg, O. the BOOK STORE. Millersburg, O.

Gummier's Dictionaries: Webster's, all sizes

Walker's

What you want. . BIDDLE'S Carpenter's Assistant, a late publication, and the best of the kind in print.

Byrne's Mechanic's Manual, a Pocket Comtion for working Carpentars, Joiners, Ma Painters, Glaziers, de.

Life of Francija Dix's Works, complete for \$3 Rollin's Ancient History Plutarch's Lives Life of Wesley Signers of the Declaration of Independace The Young Lady's Book The Young Lady's Own Book

Language of Flowers-Gift Book for You addes Book of Ettiquette. Just received at the BOOK STORE

For Teachers and Scholars. SPENCER & WRIGHT'S Penmanship. The Illustrated Composition Book, containing Directions, Subjects, and Blank Leaves for

The Composition Book, also a good thing. 500 Mistakes, of daily occurrence, in speaking, writing, &c., corrected.

Analytical Orthography, by Wright.
Chapman's American Drawing Books

Drawing Lessons Faber's Pencils, all Nos. Dividers, Drawing Papers, Paints, &c.

To be had at the Book Store, Millersburg PAYSON'S INDELIBLE INK.

Used without Preparation. TITH THIS INK Writing can be done or Linen and Cotton Cloth, in the sa Then and conton Cloth, in the same manner as with common Ink on paper.

IT IS WARRANTED not to injure or correde the finest cambric, and for count and durability is Fully Equal to the best in use.

For Sale at the Book Store, Millersburg.

Every Family should have one. A FIRST-RATE lot of Thermometers just received at the Book Store. Short ones, 50 cents; long ones, more. You ought to have

LOOKING-CLASSES. IT is generally asknowledged by the Ladies that the Looking-Glasses kept at the Book Store are handsomer and cheaper than any they can get elsewhere. A few more left.

GLASS, OF all sizes, from 8by10 to 20by24, can be had at CASKEY'S on the Corner.

COLD PENS. A GOOD assortment of Morton's, and other manufacturer's Gold Pens, can be found at the Book Store in Millersburg.

MABOS-The finest lot ever offered in town. O'A new supply just received from the best makers, and going to be sold at reduced prices at CASKEY'S, on the Corner. Aug. 21, 1856.

**NEW STORE.** DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, QUEENS WARE, BOOTS, SHOES, &c., &c.

THE subscriber, thankful for the liberal share of patronage bestowed upon him since his commencement in business in this place, respectfully solicits a continuance of the public He has constantly on band a full supply of the articles enumerated above, which he will sell at the most reduced rates, and most

Honorable and Fair Terms. Please to give him a call. Opposite Butler's P. REIMENSNIDER.

NOTICE.

Aug. 21, 1856-1tf.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the peo-ple of Holmes county and vicinity, that he is still in the Foundry Business in Millersburg. He has added to his list of plows the celebrat BUCKEYE HISOR. He is also prepared to furnish Ground Plows & Points got up in good style as in any other shop in this region, Please call and see improvements.

J. H. VAN BROCKLIN. Aug. 21, 1856.

Jacob Stutsman's Estate. NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been appointed and qualified as Ad-ministrator of the estate of Jacob Stutsman, late of Holmes county deceased, this 18th day of August, 1856. ISAAC HOCHSTETLER.

Wanted. A NY quantity of Wheat, Oats, Corn, Bees wax, Tallow, Lard, Butter, Eggs, Rags

Aug. 21, 1856-1w4.\*

A Single Trial. Tis all we ask

R. B. BULLOCK & CO.'S CHEMICAL ERASIVE SOAP. THE proprietors offer this Soap to the public after much experience in its manufacture and use, with entire confidence, as one of the grertest labor, time and money saving family da-

PLEASE OBSERVE.

1st. This Soap contains no alloy. Hence, every ounce of it is washing material.

2d. Less than one half the general required of common Soaps will do the same work of any kind; and when used as directed, it dispenses with all the pounding and machine friction, and will save fifty fer cert, of the time and labor usually required to do the washing a family.

3d. WATER—In the west of the soap, hard water needs no "breaking" or cleansing. Simply use a small excess of the Soap.

4th. Cloths will look much white and cleaner, and las longer. The Soap itself softens the fabric and loosens the dirt, requiring but slight hand rubbing and thorough rinsing, to cleans them perfectly. It is warranted not to injure the finest fabric.

5th. A stong solution of suds will clean pants furniture, kitchen utensils, &c., with the greatest case, impidity and thoroughness.

6th. Used as a toller soar, cleanses the skin of dirt, grease, tar, paint, printers' link, &c., PLEASE OBSERVE.

of dirt, grease, tar, paint, printers' ink, &c., leaving it soft and clear, and thus effectually prevents its chapping. Machinists, artists, and all mechanics will find this soap invaluable for

all mechanics will find this soap invaluable for hand washing.

7th. It will remove oil, wheel grease, paints, &c., from silk and woolen goods, and the best flamels may be washed in it without being fulled as with other soaps.

We offer this Soap in a neat and merchanta-ble style, being put up in pound bars, and each bar stamped with the proprietors' names, and warranted to give satisfaction when used ac-cording to directions.

ording to directions.

Dealers and the public generally are request.

ed to give the CHEMICAL ERASIVE SOAP a fair DIRECTIONS. DIRECTIONS.

Measure into a tub the quantity of warm water required to soak your clothes. To every ten gallons of water, take half a pound or more (in preportion to the hardiness of water,) of the Chemical Erasive Soap; slice it up and put it into your wash basin, and pour upon it one quart of boiling water, and the soap will readily dissolve; then turn the mixture thus prepared into your tub, and stir the water, and you will have a fine suds. Then put in your white clothes and let them soak over night, or half an hour to an hour in the morning, after which hour to an hour in the morning, after which wring them out and rinse in cold water. Then wring them out and rinse in cold water. Then make a boiling suds of clean water, with a very little soap; boil them five minutes, rinse once more, as usual, blue, and hang out to dry.

Fon Colored Clothes, add a very little Chemical Soap to the old suds in which your white clothes were soaked; put in the colored clothes and soak half an hour, after which wring out and rinse as usual, and hang them out to dry. Woolen clothes should soak half an hour and be rinsed in warm water. The wristbands and collars may need slight rubbing.

and collars may need slight rubbing.
FOR FLOORS, PAINT BRASS WORK, GLASS, &c.

For Floors, Paint Brass Work, Glass, &c., make a suds of the Soap, and apply with a sponge or woolen cloth, and, after few minutes, rinse with cold water.

For Hard Water, put your clothes in soak the same as above. But for boiling clothes, put on your water, slice in a few thin slices of the Chemical Erasive Soap, let the water boil, but remove the scum; then put clothes immediately in to boil, and proceed as above, recollecting to use more of the soap for hard than soft waters.

For sale at the BOOK STORE, Millersburgh, Ohio.

Aug. 21, 1856.

Wm. A. Batchelor's HAIR DYE.

MONKEY'S parrots and dogs may be taught to imitate some of the outward forms and actions of humanity—and foxes manifest an aptness in stealing quite equal to the generality of manking—but to man alone is given the ability to originate, contrive and construct, and even the animal seems to divide by his own acta his species into the different geni of men, or orginators, contrivers and constructors—and monkeys parrots and foxes, or imitators, pretenders and speculators. Mark the exemptification: Wm. A. Betchelor, of 233 Broadway. New York, having by perseverance and years of toil and costly experiments, succeeded in producting a Hair Dye, for which he has received fifteen meddals and Diplomas—and, by all, admitted to be perfect in all respects, a host of imitating monkeys and piratical pretenders, who always beset the paths of genius and toil, and to take advantage of the wit they do not possess themselves, have sprung upon the trail kaid out by "Batchelor." With peculiar pertinacity they beset and worry with pretentious stories and beset and worry with pretentious stories and bravado, every one who will listen to them, and they frequently succeed in gaining credit for themselves and trash. To guard the unsus-pecting the original and genuine Wm. A. Batchclor's Hair Dye is now put up with costly steel plate engraving, and his signature thereon on four sides of the box, and the address, 233

Broadway, New York.

Tor sale in Millersburgh, at CASKEY'S on the Corner.

The Great Russian Remedy. PRO BONO PUBLICO.

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

Lynony mother should have a box in the house, handy in case of accidents to the children—Redding's Russian Salve. It is a Boston remedy of thirty years' standing and is recommended by physicians. It is a sure and speedy cure for burns, piles, biles, corns, felons, chilblains and old sores of every kind; for fever sores, ulcers, scald head, itch, nettle rash, burning the property of the proper ions, sore nipples, (recommended by nurses) whitlows, sties festers, fea bites, spider stings, frozen limbs, salt rheum, scurvy, sore and cracked lips, sore nose, warts and flesh wounds, it is a most valuable remedy and cure, which can be testified to by thousands who have used it in the city of Boston and vicinity for the last thurthe city of Posten and vicinity for the last thirty years. In no instance will this salve do any injury or interfere with a physician's prescripaions. It is made from the purest materials, from a recepe brought from Russia—of articles growing in that country—and the proprictors have letters from all classes, clergymea, physicians, sea captains, nurses and others who have used it themselves and recommended it to others. Residing's Russia Salve is nut up in others. Residing's Russia Salve is put up in large tin boxes, stamped the cover with a pic-ture of a horse and a disabled soldier, which picture is also engraved on the wrapper. Price

For sale at the Book Store, Millersburg, Aug. 21, 1856.

A PERFUMED BREATH. W HAT lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a diagreeable breath when
by using the "Belm of a Thomsond Flowers" as
a dentifrice would not only render it sweet but
leave the teeth white as alabaster!, Many persous do not know their breath is bad, and the
subject is so delicate that their friends will never mention it. Pour a single drop of the er mention it. Pour a single drop of the "Balm" on your teethbrush and was the teeth night and morning. A fifty cent bottle will last a year.

A beautiful complexion may easily be acquired by using the "Ealm of a Tomand Ploseers." It will remove Tan, Pimples and Freekles from the skin, leaving it of a soft and roseat hue. Wet a towel, pour on two three drops, and wash the face night and norning.

Shaving Made Easy .- Wet you shaving-brush in either warm or cold water, pour on two or three drops of "Ealm of a Thousand Florerz," rub the beard well and it will make a beautiful soft lather much facilitating the operation of shaving. Price only fifty cents. Fedridge & Co., proprietors, New York.

For sale at the Book Stone, Millersburg O.

Aug. 21, 1856.

Fine Cutlery.

THE best lot of Fine Knives and Scissors ever before offered in Millersburg, just received at the Book and Variety Store. Also about three hat's full of Portmonies, cheaper than— beef at a cent a pound, hoofs and horas three

The Burning Rays

Of a summer's sun may be kept off first rate
rate with any of the delightful and cheap Panasons to be found at CASKEY'S, on the Corner. Aug. 21, 1856.

You can Always Find A VERY nice and very cheap arrortment of long and short Mars at CASKEY'S, on the Corner.

Aug. 21, 1856. CICISSORS AND POCKET KNIVES, & good article you are sure to get if you buy CASKEY'S, on the Corner. Aug. 21, 1856.